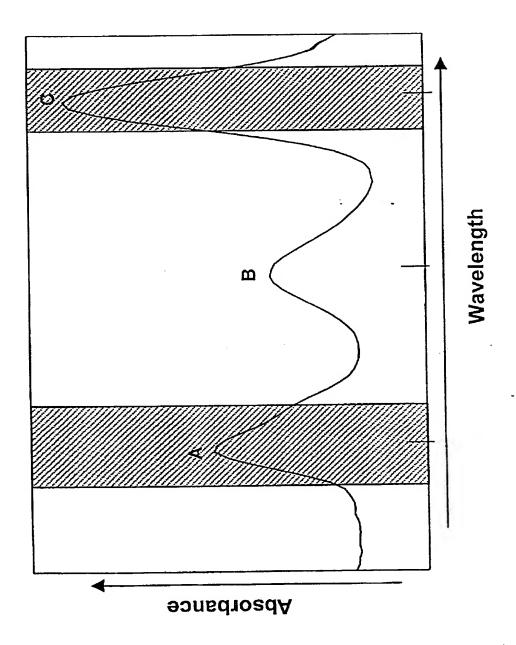
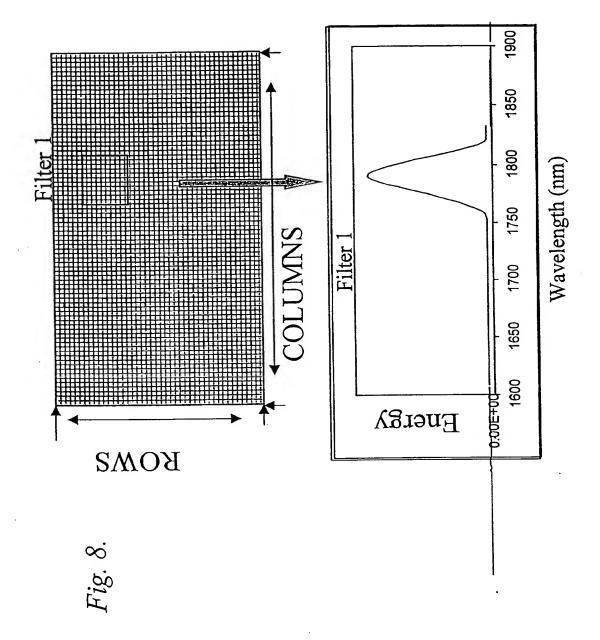


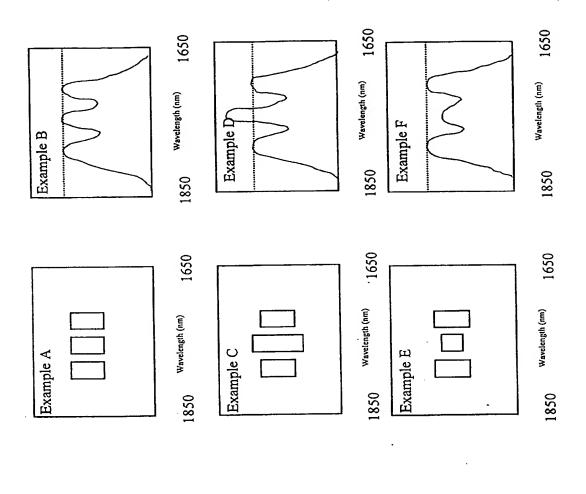
Spatial Resolution Elements
Spectral Resolution Elements ROWS ——COLUMINS

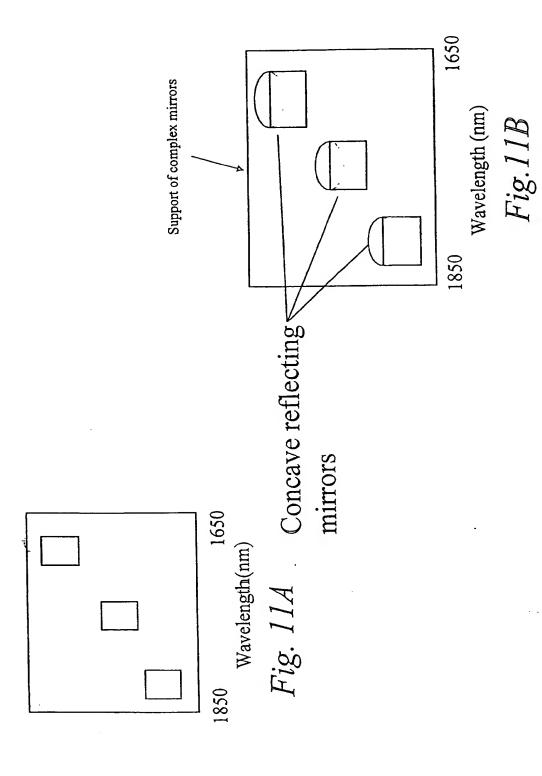


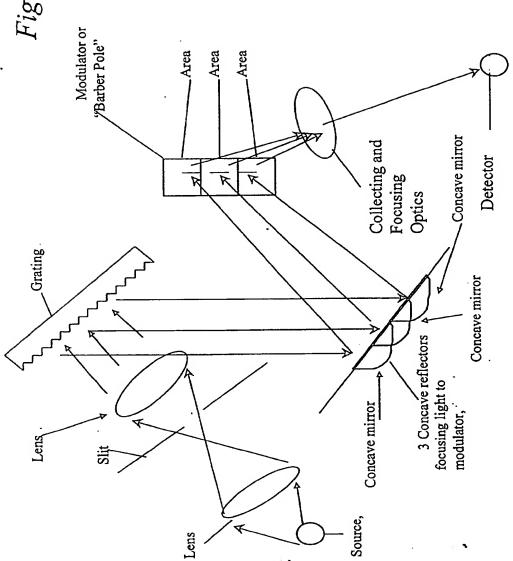
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THE RELATION





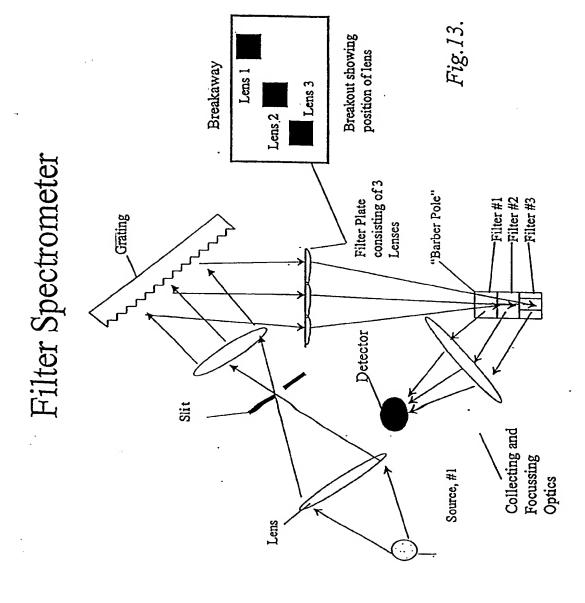


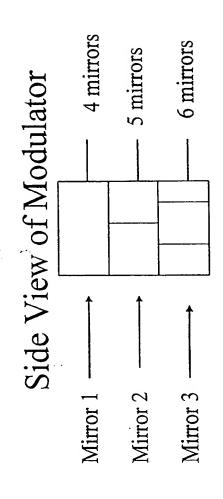


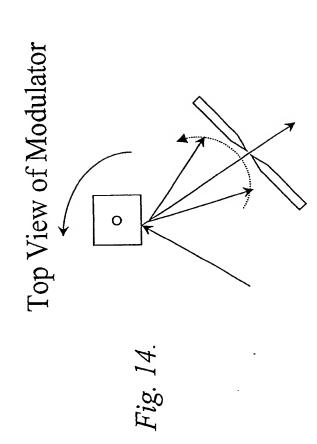
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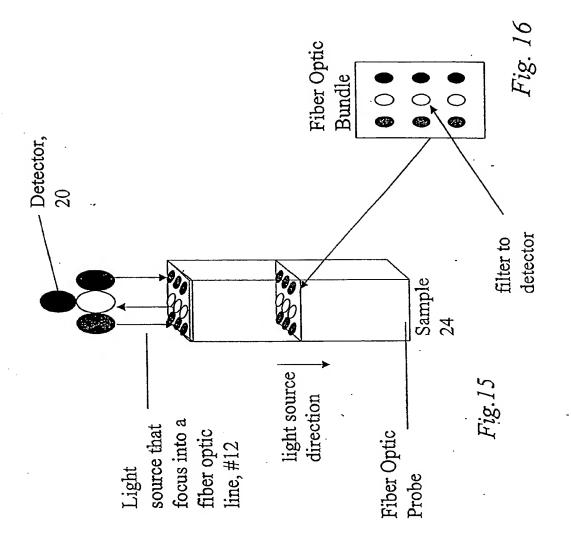
. .

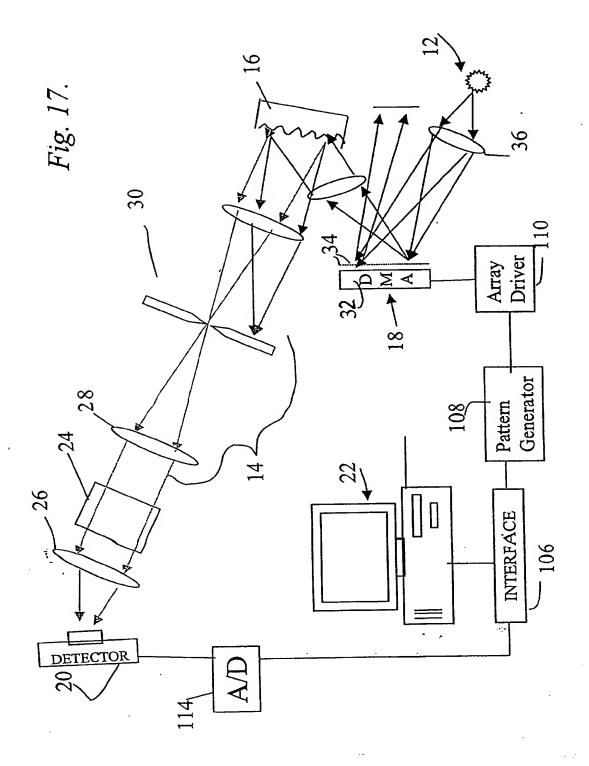


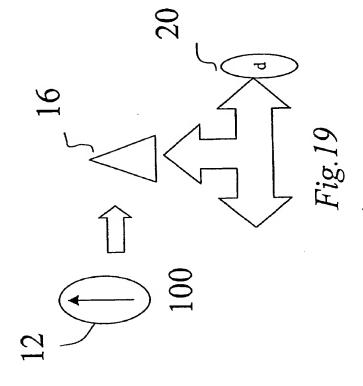




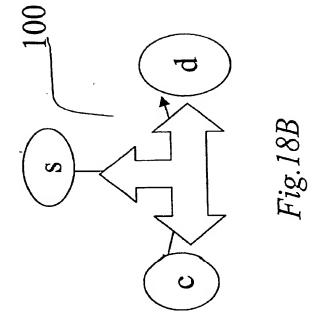
A SECTION

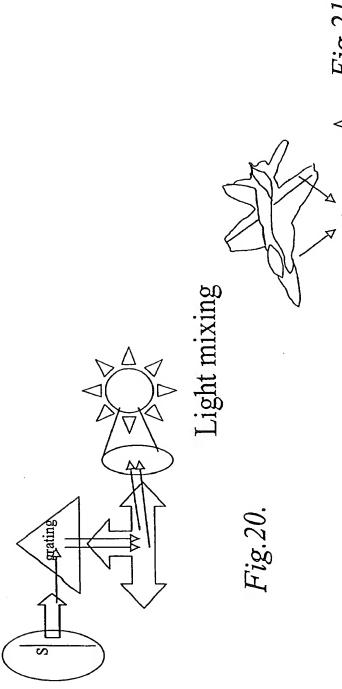




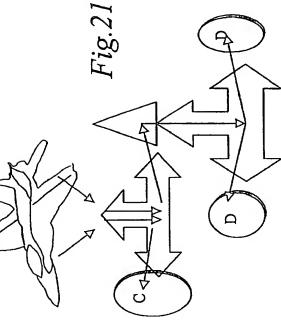


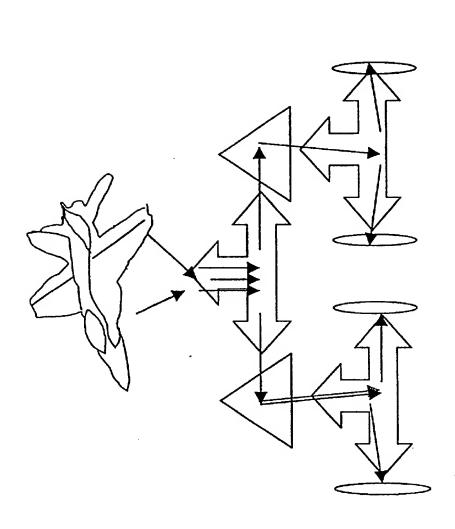
elsane.



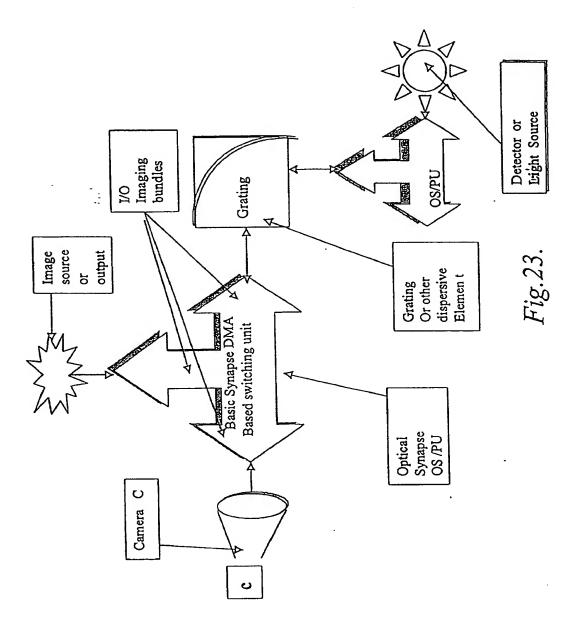


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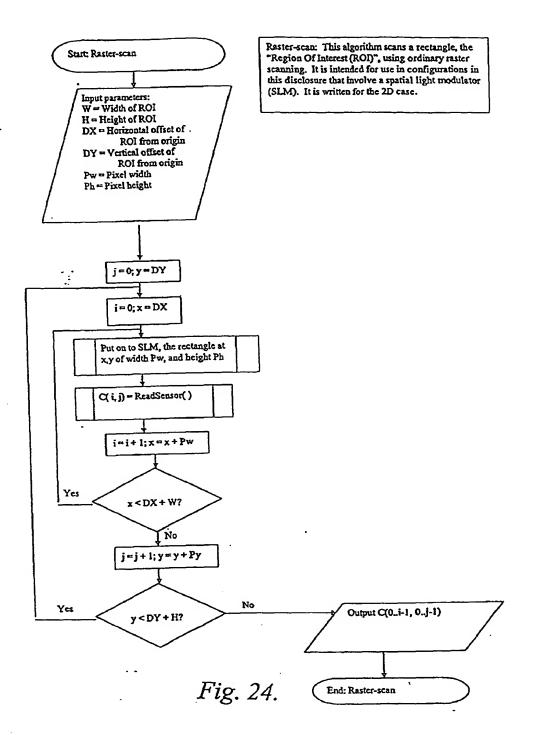




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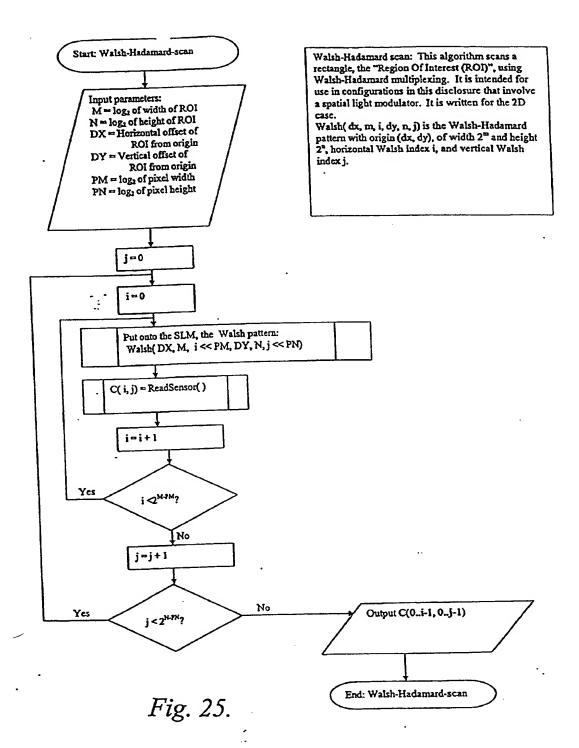


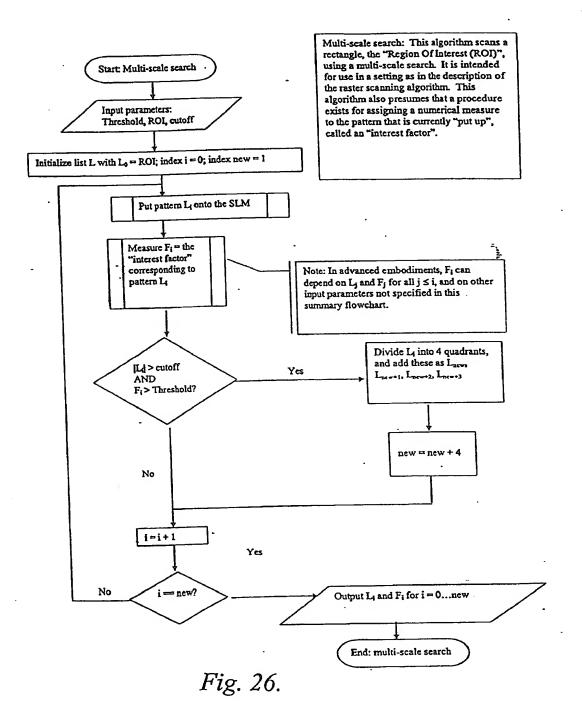
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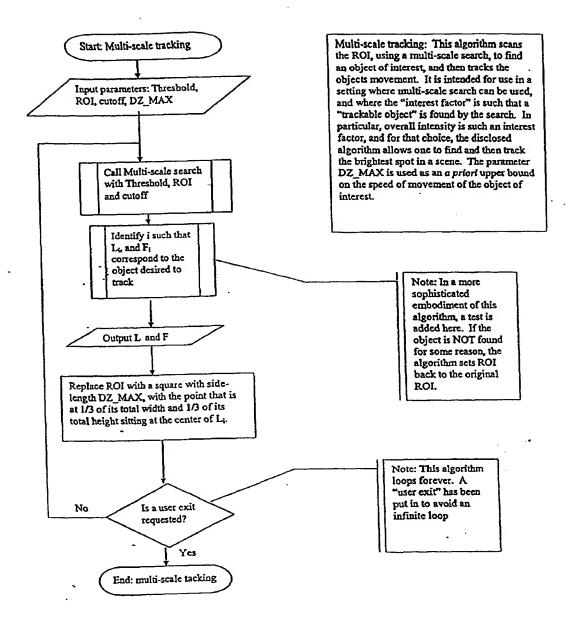
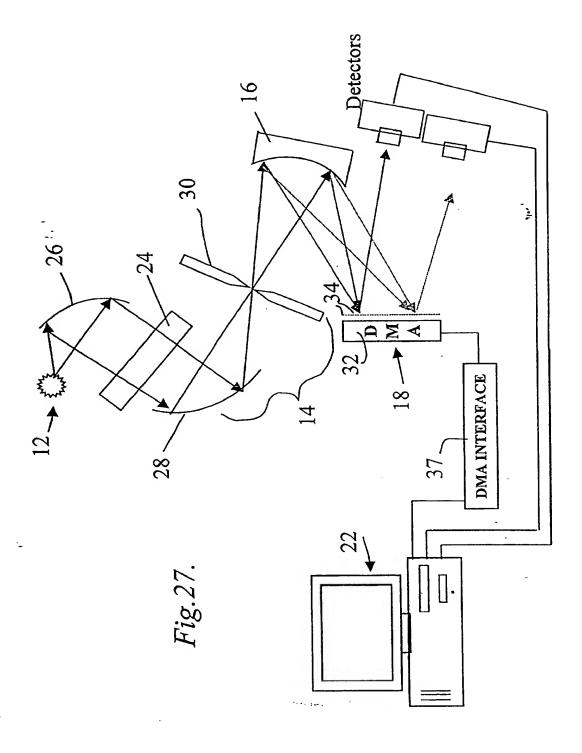
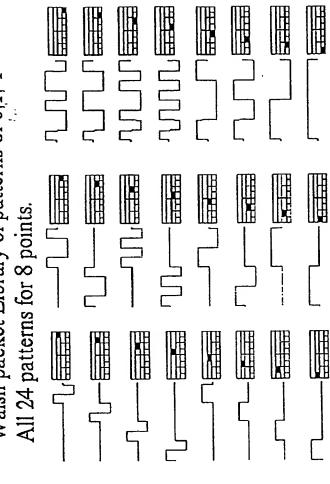
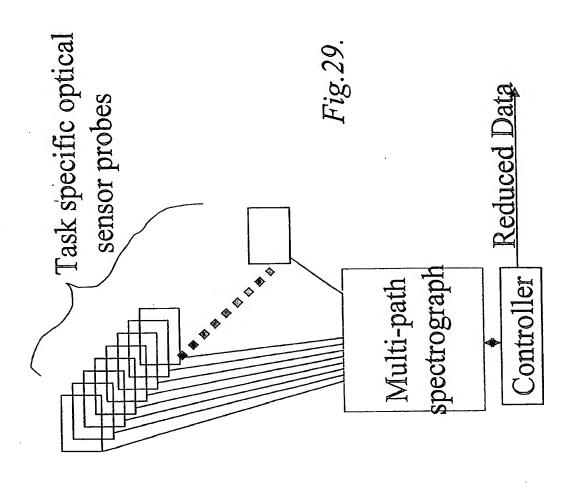
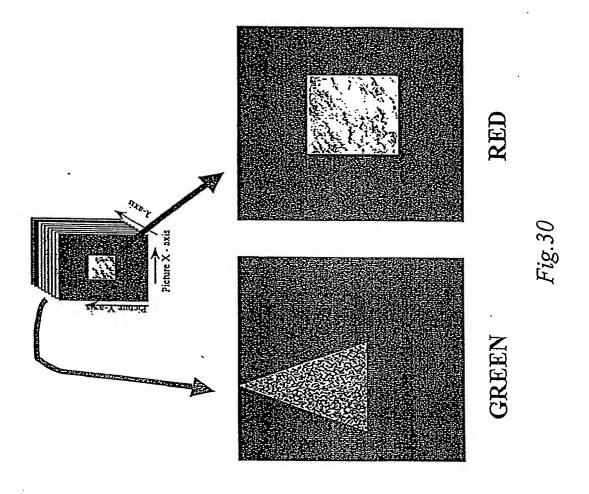


Fig. 26A.









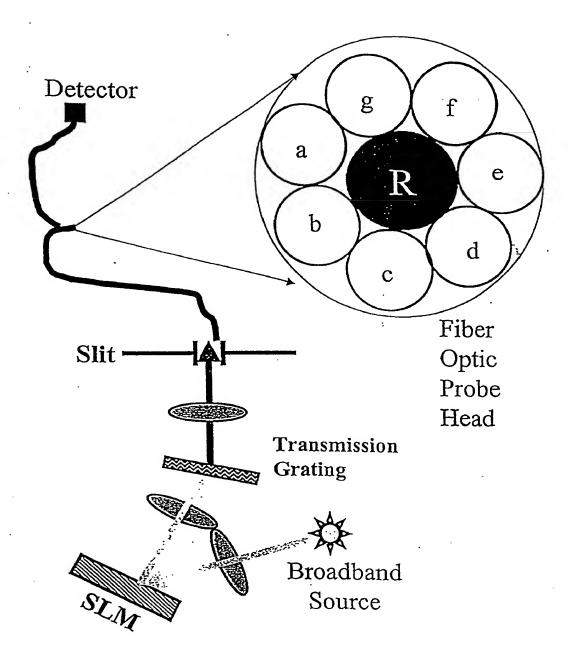


Fig. 31A

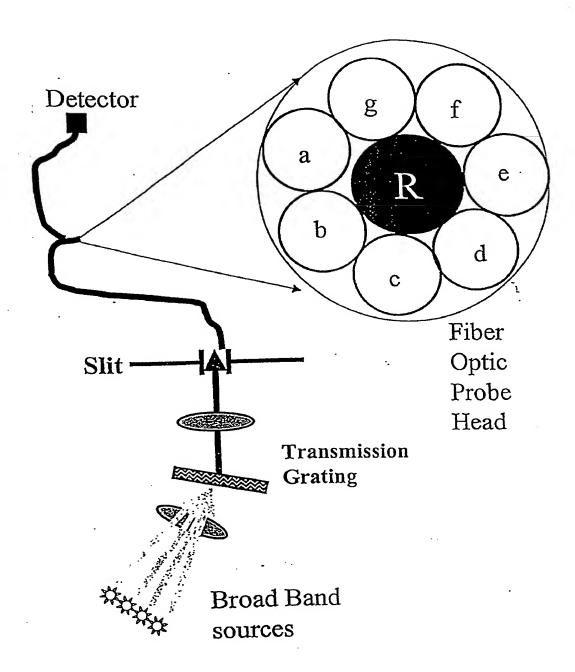


Fig. 31B

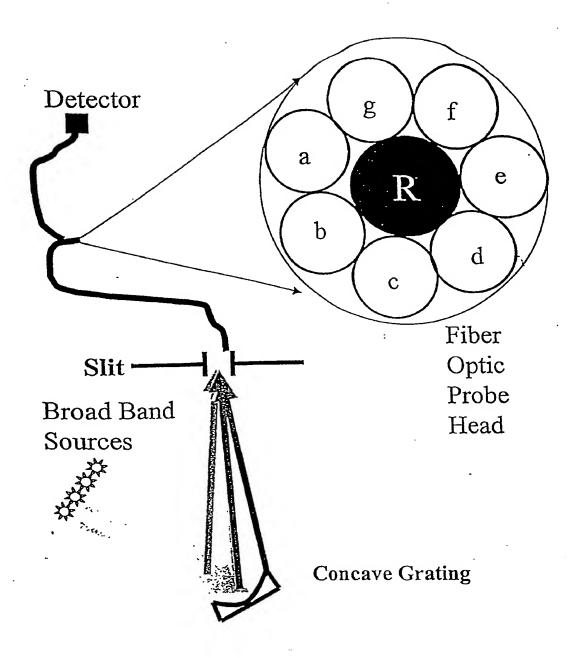


Fig. 31C

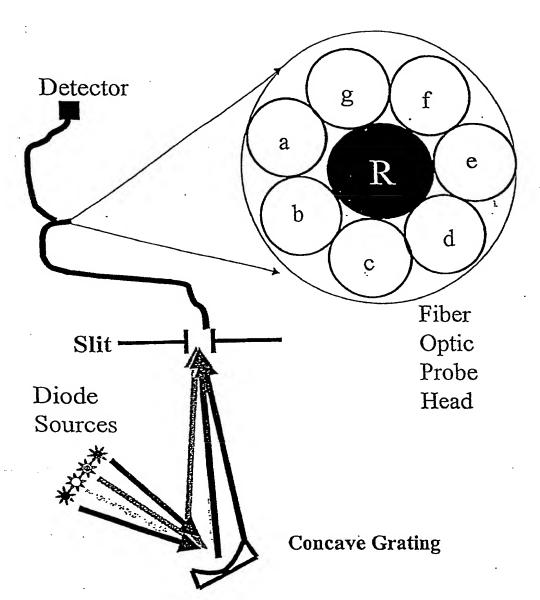


Fig. 31D

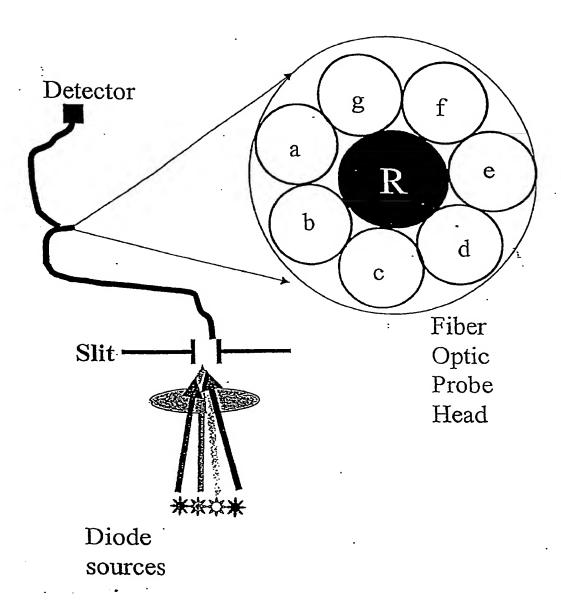


Fig. 31E

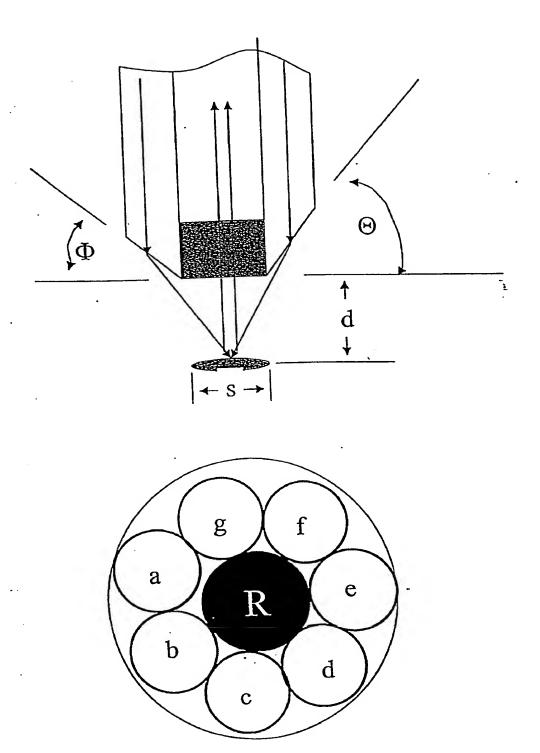


Fig. 32

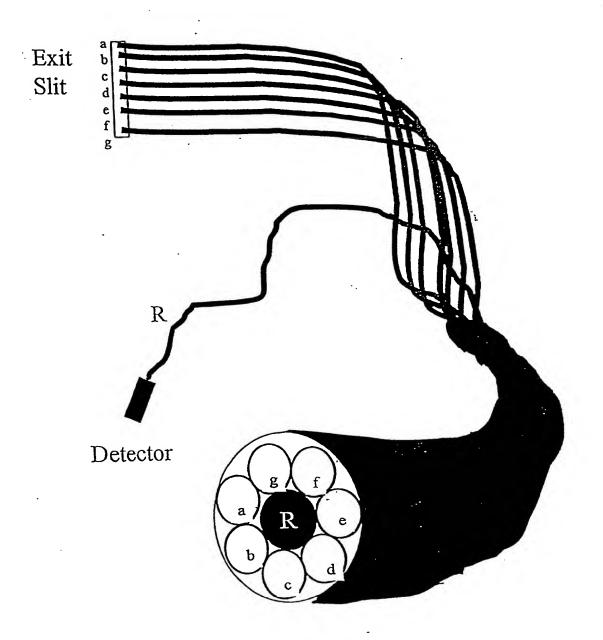


Fig. 33

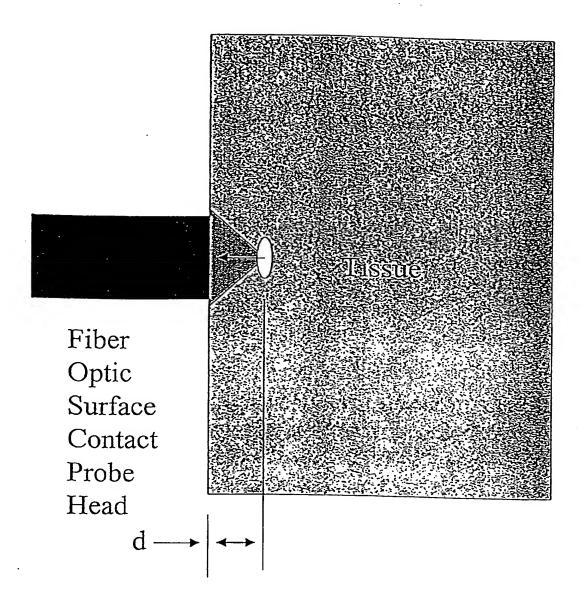
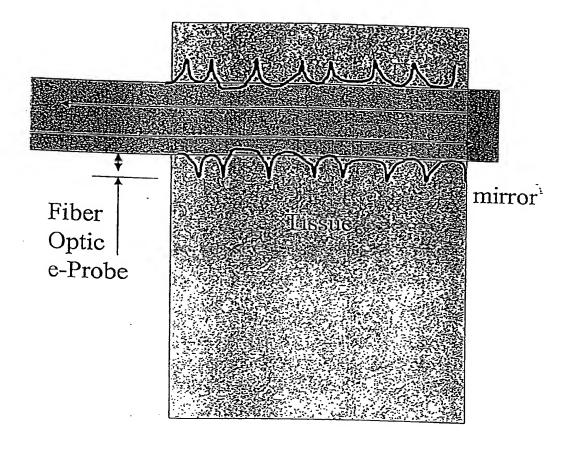
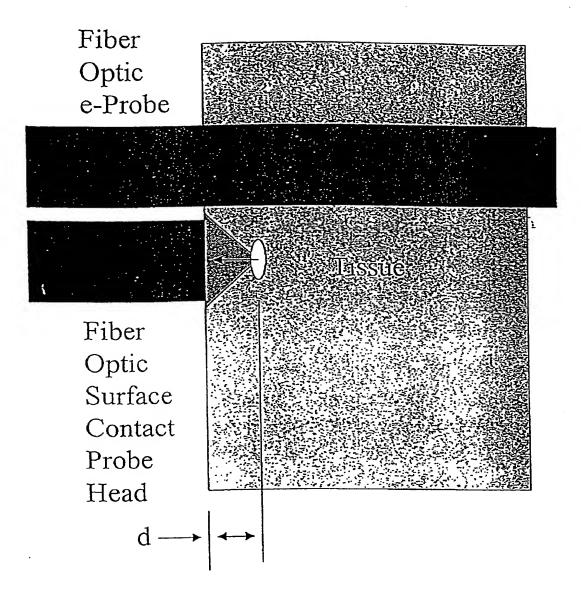


Fig. 34



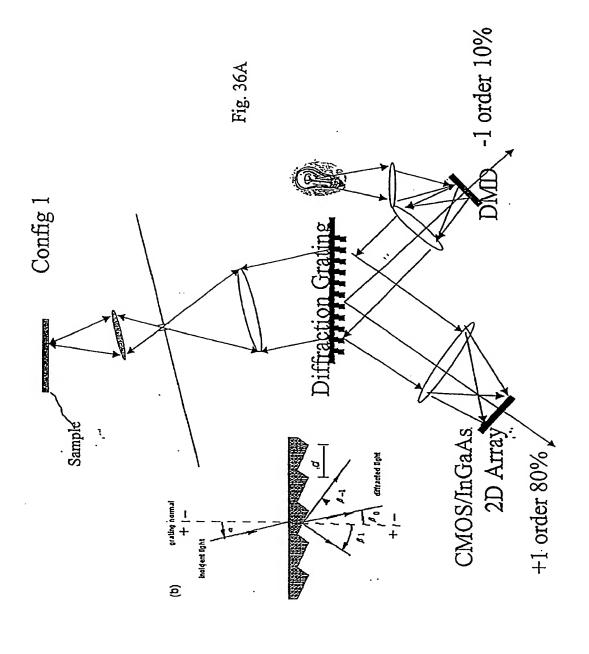
E-probe for pierced ears

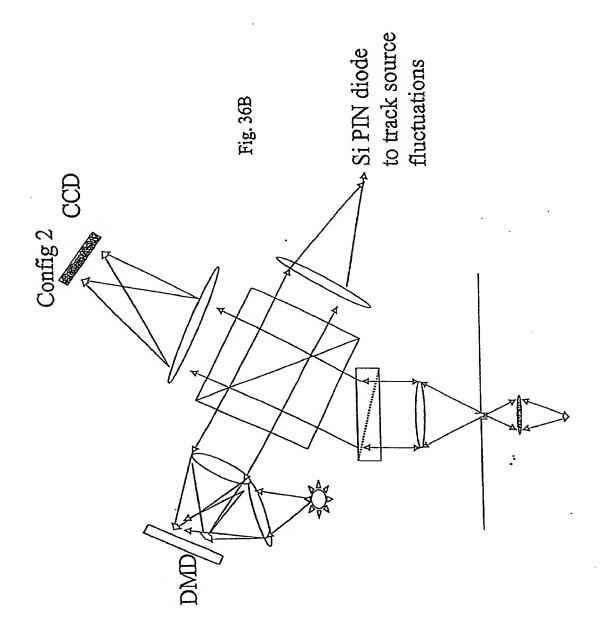
Fig. 35A

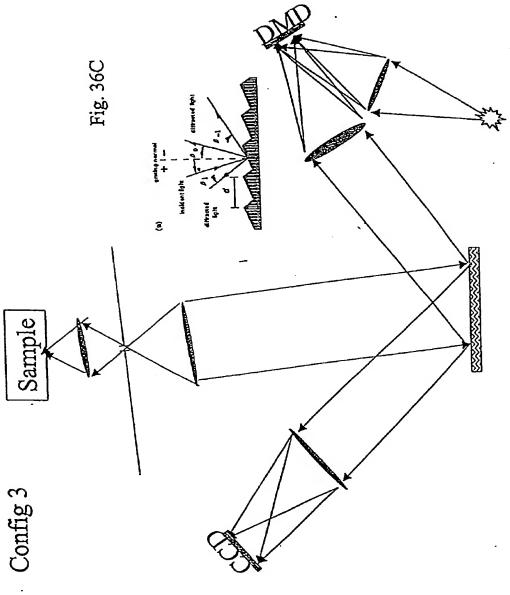


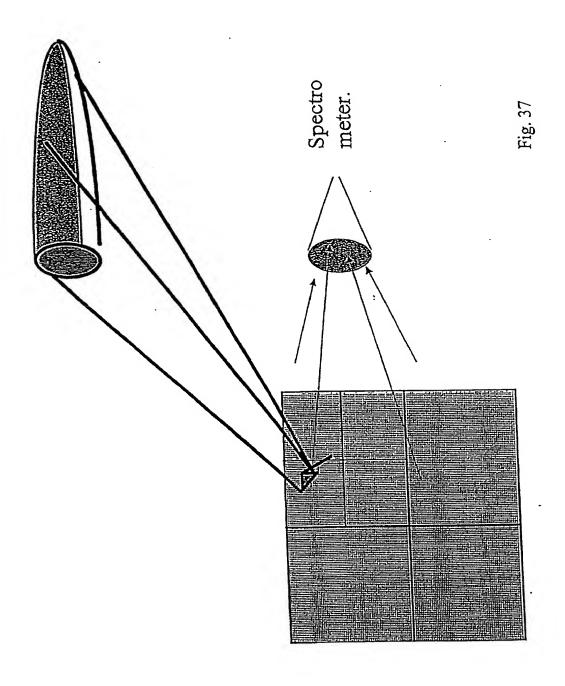
E-probe for pierced ears

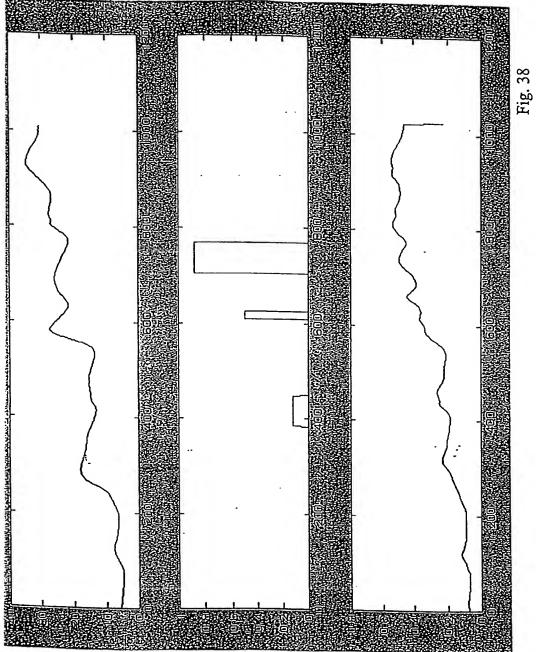
Fig. 35B

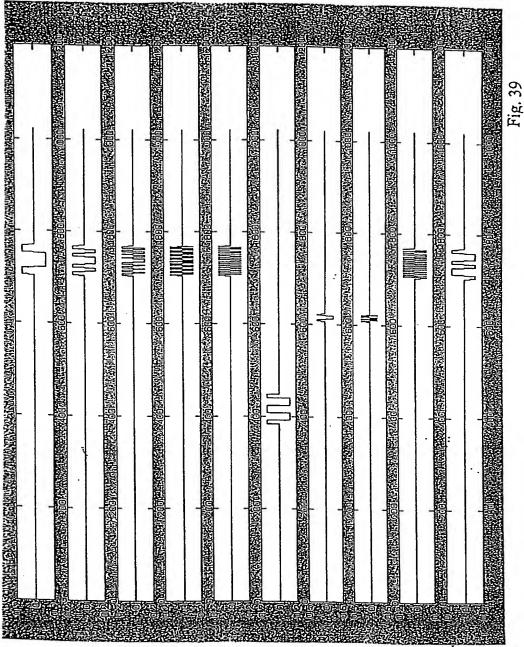












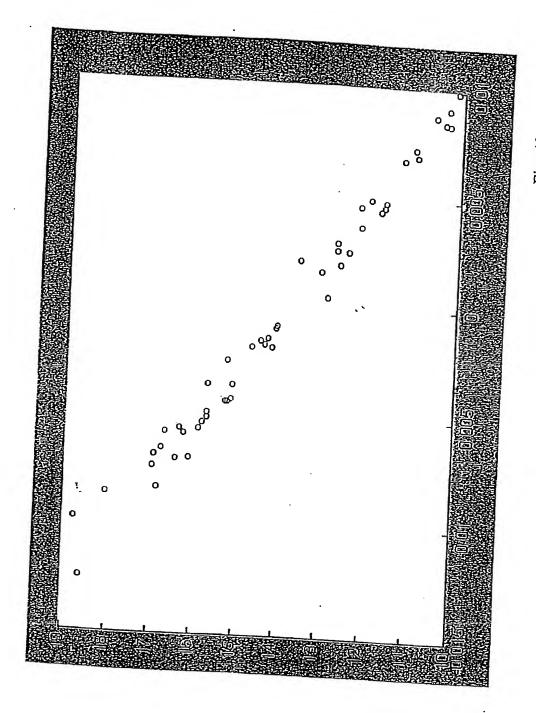
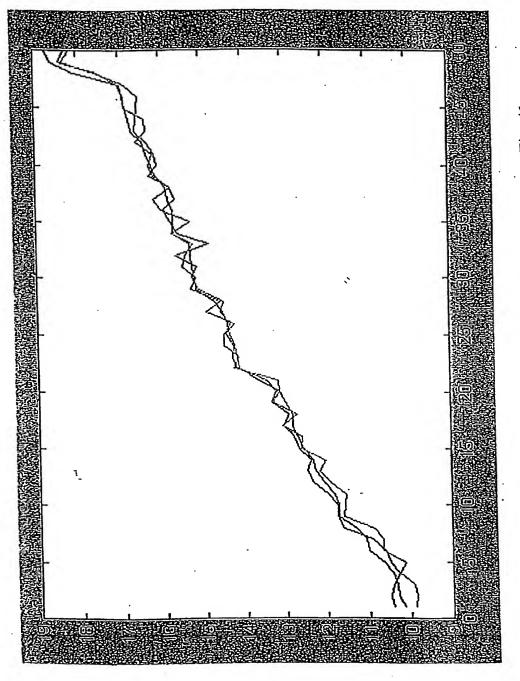


Fig. 40



.:

Fig. 41

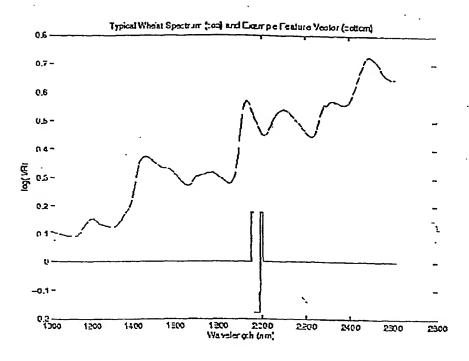


Fig. 39A

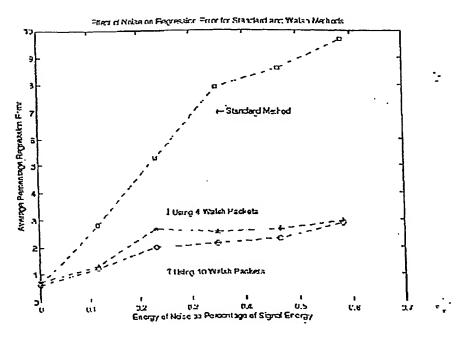
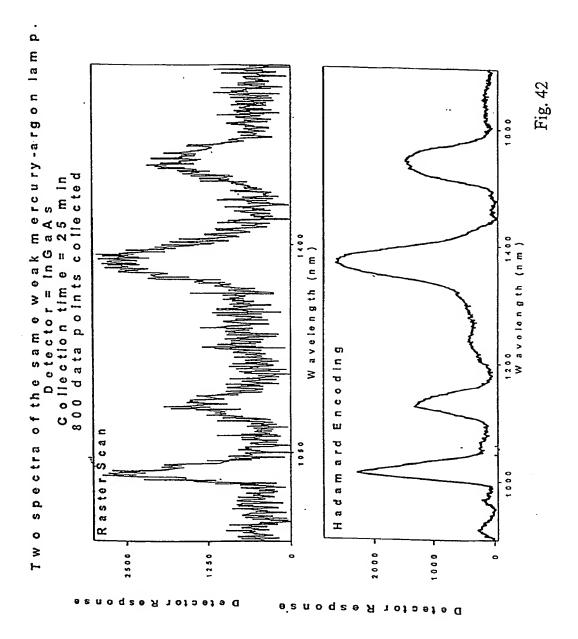
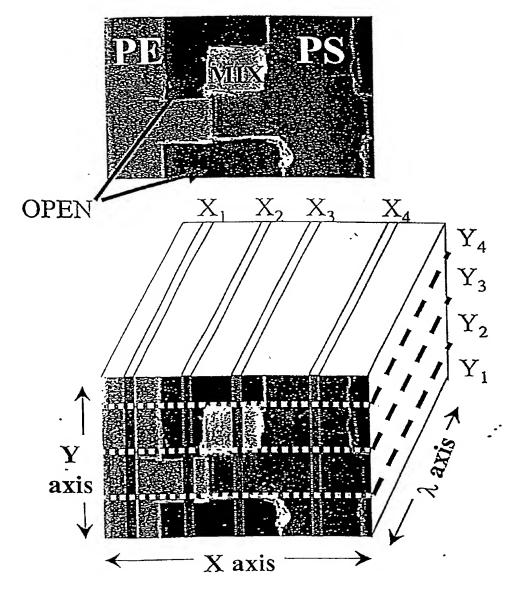


Fig. 41A



### Sample data map



Pushbroom scan for X spatial dimension

### Encodement #1

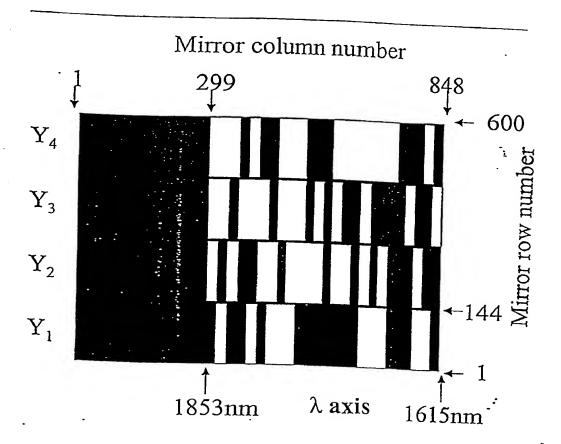
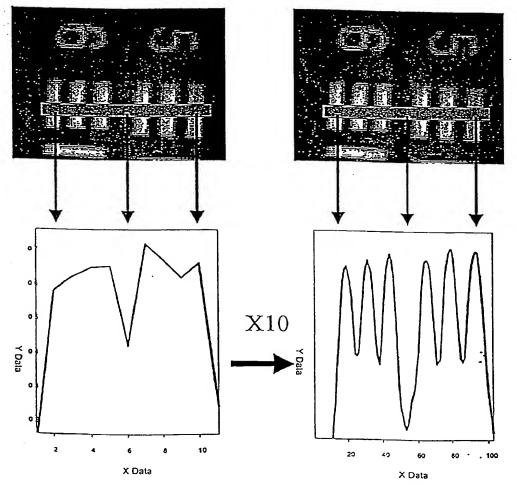


Fig. 44

### DMA Programmable Resolution using 1951 USAF resolution target



200 mirror columns
10 spatial resolution elements
20 mirror columns/pixel

200 mirror columns
100 spatial resolution elements
2 mirror columns/pixel

Fig. 45



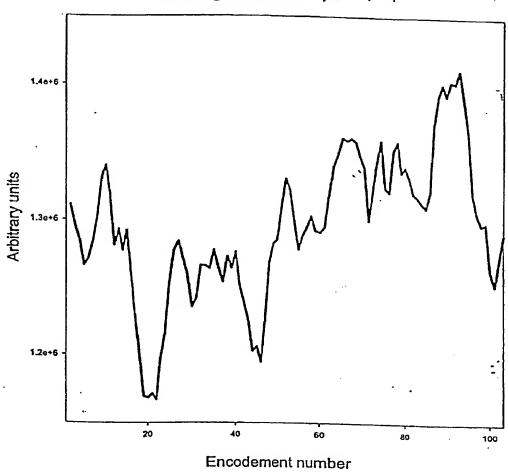


Fig. 46

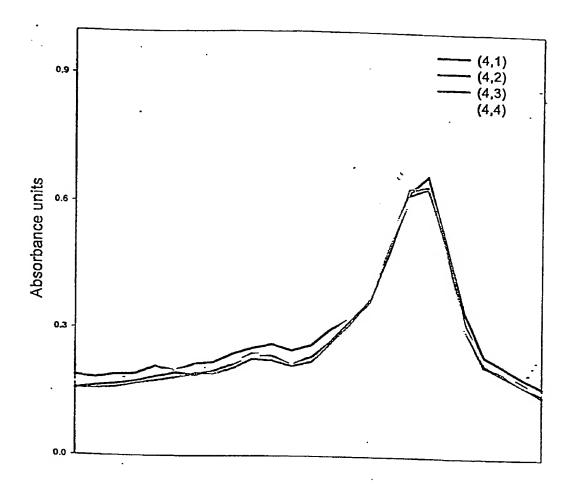


Fig. 47A

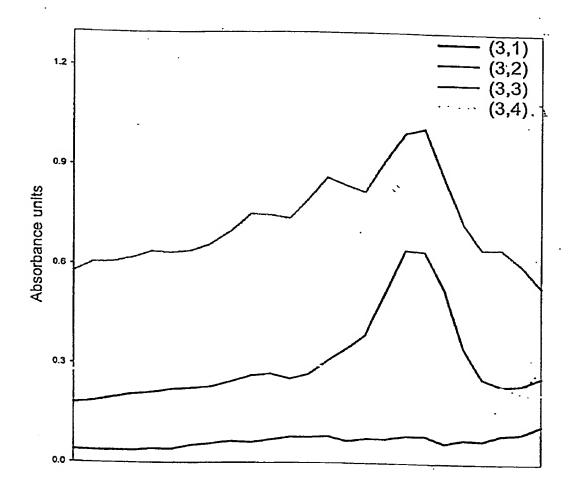


Fig. 47B

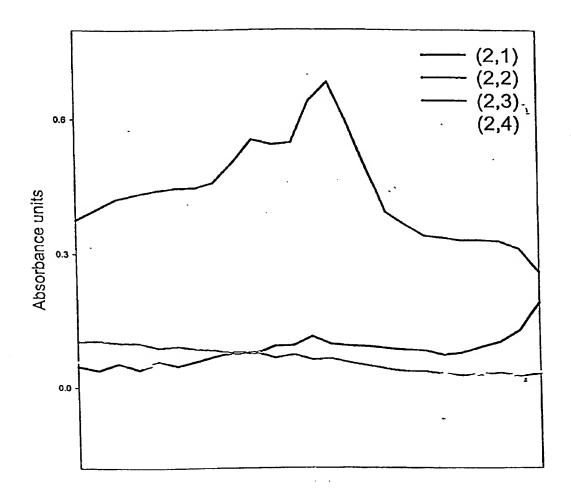
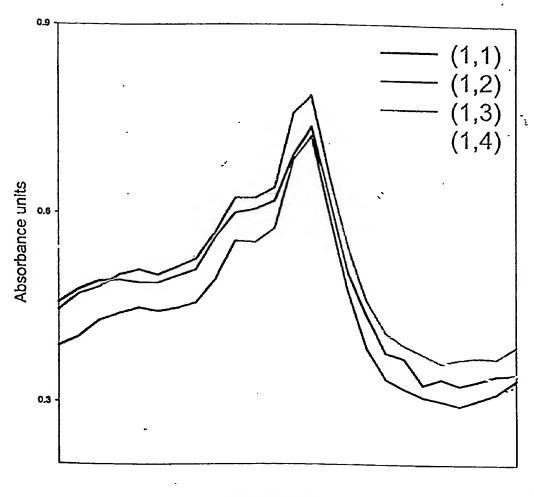


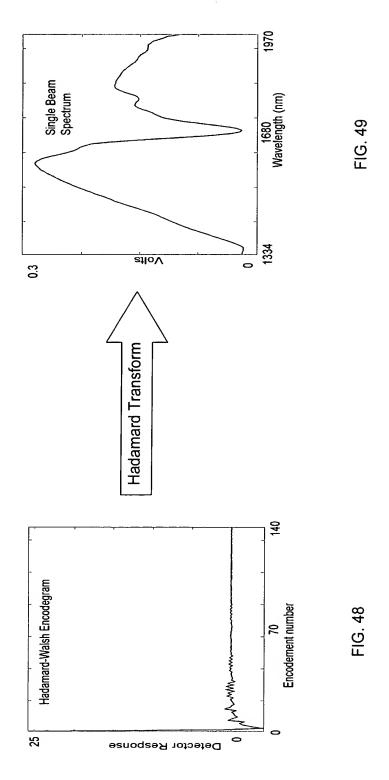
Fig. 47C

### Pixel spectra for pixels X = 1, Y = 1 to 4



Wavelength (nm)

Fig. 47D



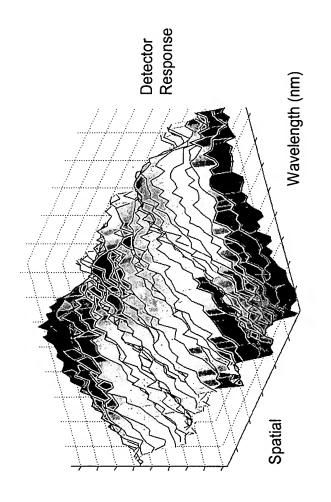


FIG. 50

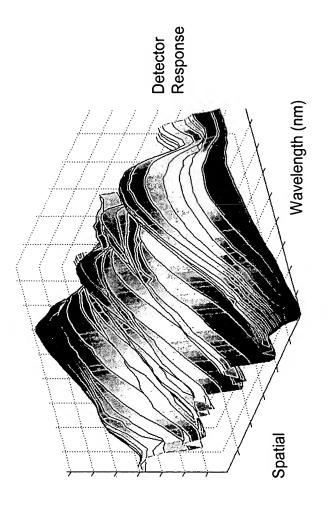


FIG. 51

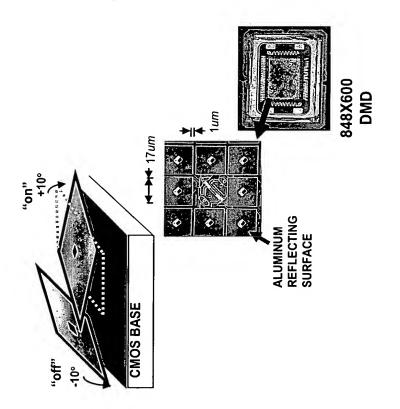
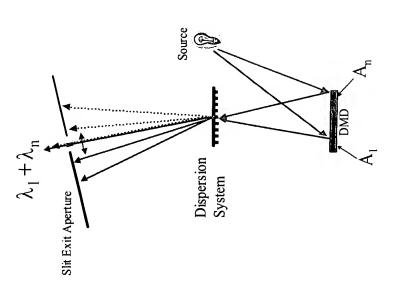


FIG. 52



ROWS

ROWS

GOO

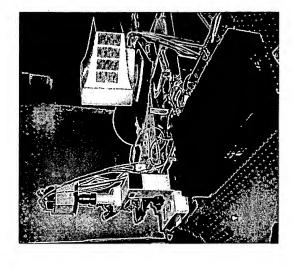
GOO

COLUMNS

848

ROWS ——— Spatial Resolution Elements
COLUMNS —— Spectral Resolution Elements

FIG. 54





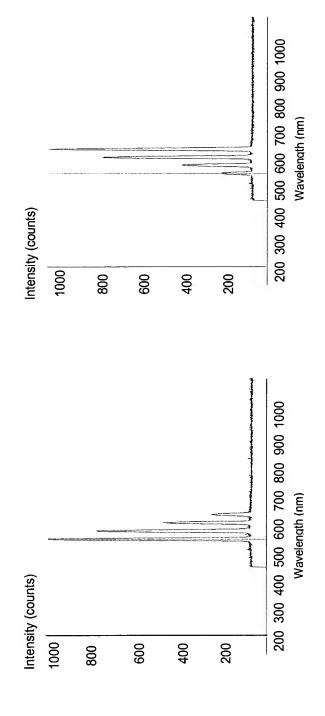


FIG. 57

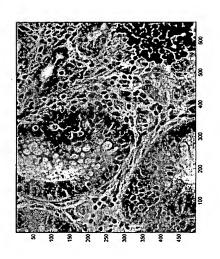


FIG. 60

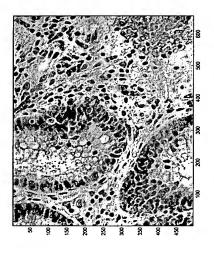
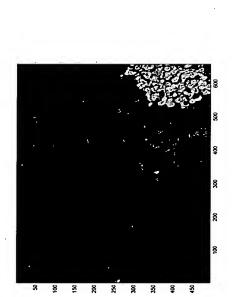
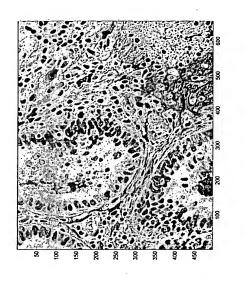


FIG. 59











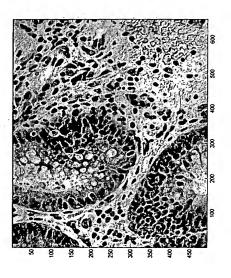
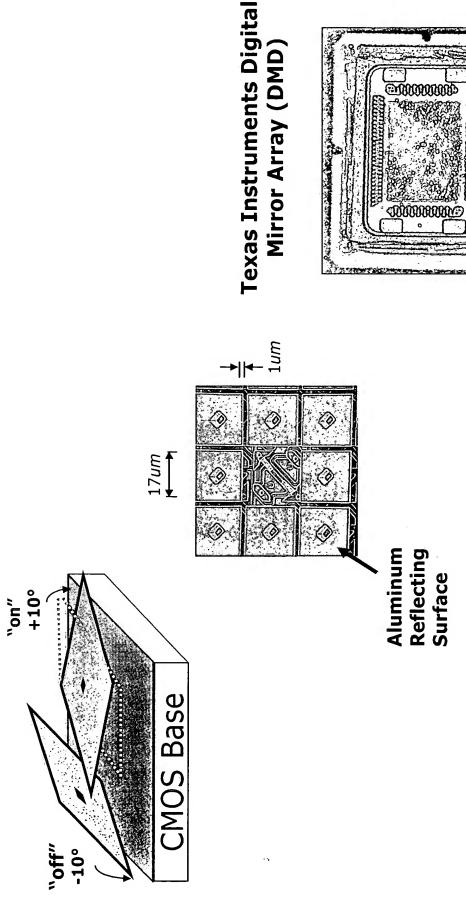
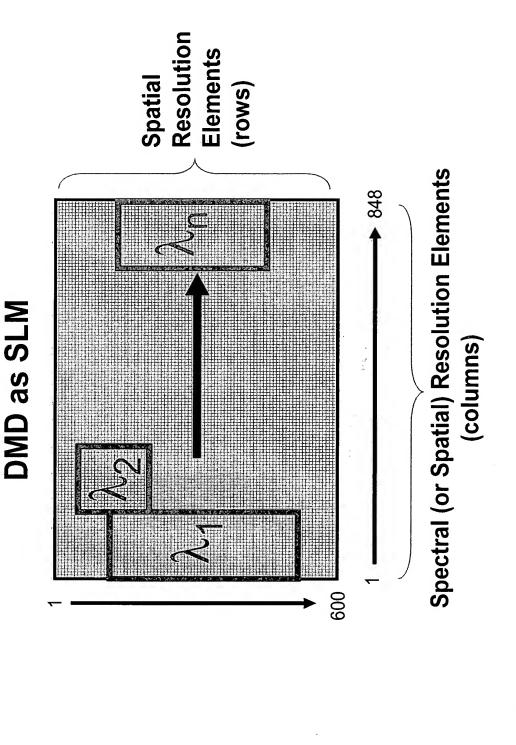


FIG. 63



848 X 600 SGVA

# Sample Configuration: DMD Replaces Focal Plane



Example of the DMD Integrated into an Imaging Spectrograph Configuration

### Multiple Modalities

DMD

Raster Scanning

Spatial Elements (Slit Height)

Multiplexed Scanning 0

Spatial Elements

Spectral Imaging

Creating Tunable Light Sources

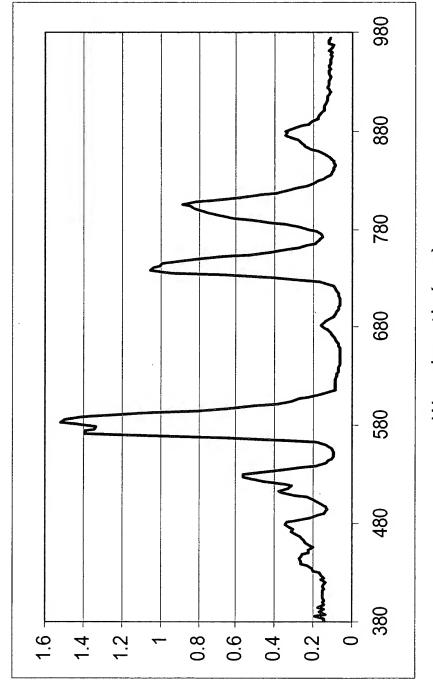
0

Optical Domain Processing

(3)

# One Dimensional Spectroscopy - Raster Scanning

## Absorbance spectrum of Dydimium



Absorbance

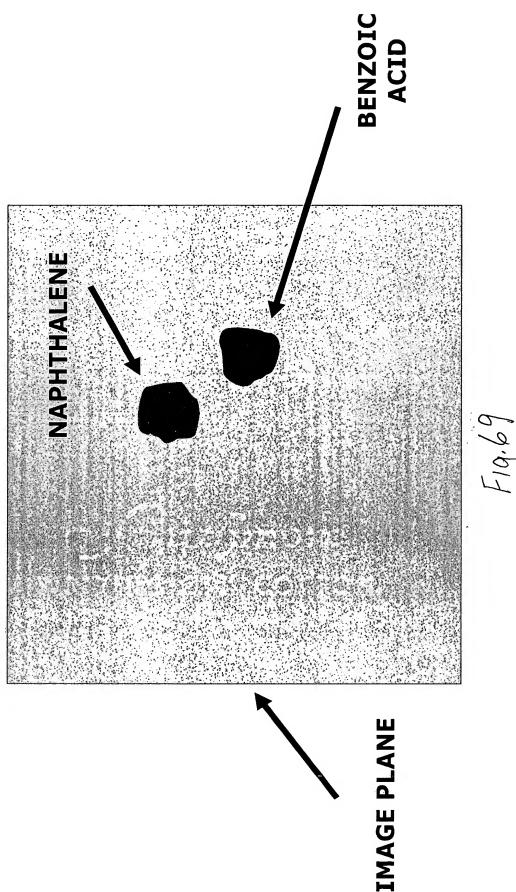
Wavelength (nm)

In raster scan mode with 4 mirrors equivalent to 5nm FWHM

### Raman Spectral Imagery

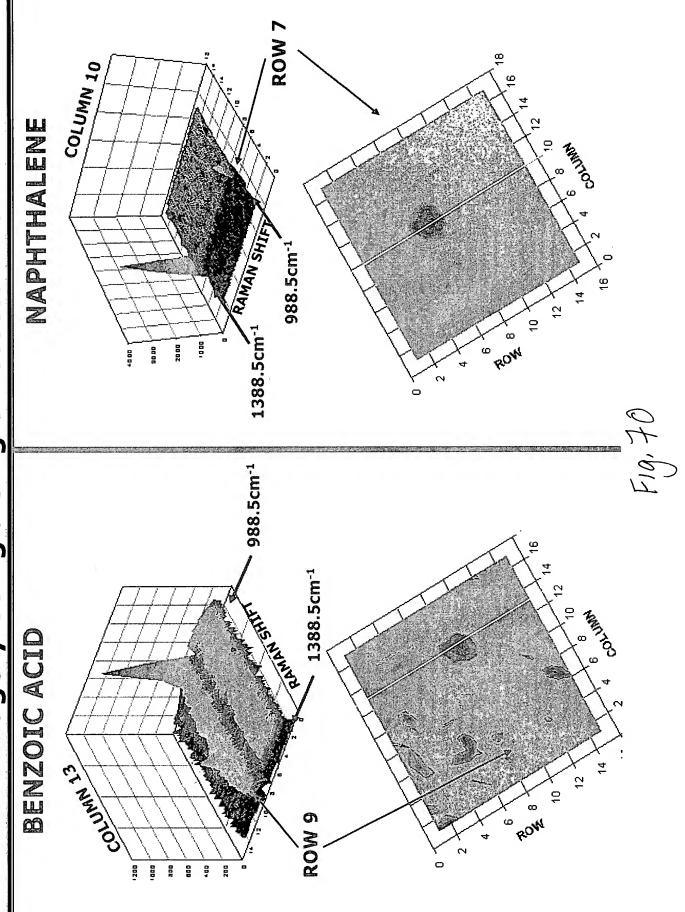
BENZOIC ACID WITH NAPHTHALENE

SOLIDS



F19.69

### Spatially Modulated Laser Source Enables Raman Spectral Imagery Using a Single Detector Element



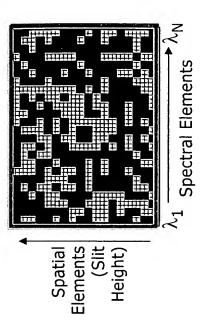
Raster Scanning

Multiplexed Scanning

Spectral Imaging

Creating Tunable Light Sources

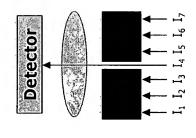
Optical Domain Processing

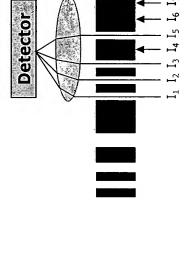


79.7

### **SNR Improvement From Multiplexing**

Encoding Example using Hadamard Cyclic S-Matrix of Length 7





Intensity = 
$$I_4$$
 + Error at Detector

Intensity = 
$$I_1 + I_2 + I_3 + I_5 + Error$$
 at Detector

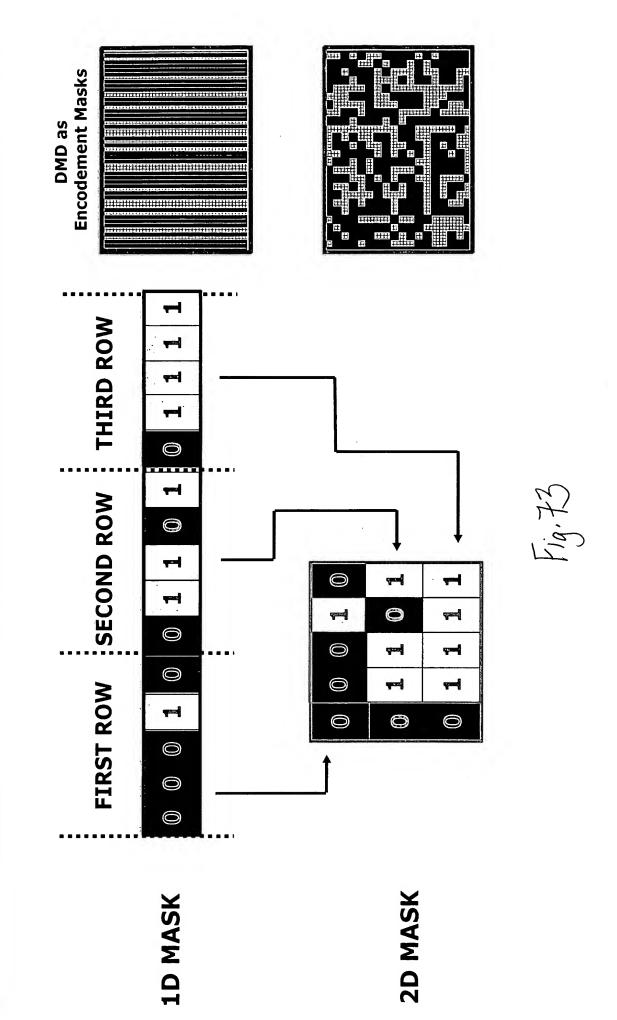
\*Predicted Improvement in SNR (with length 800)

$$=\frac{\sqrt{N}}{2}=\frac{\sqrt{800}}{2}=$$
 14.1

Experimental Results: **12.0 – 14.6** 

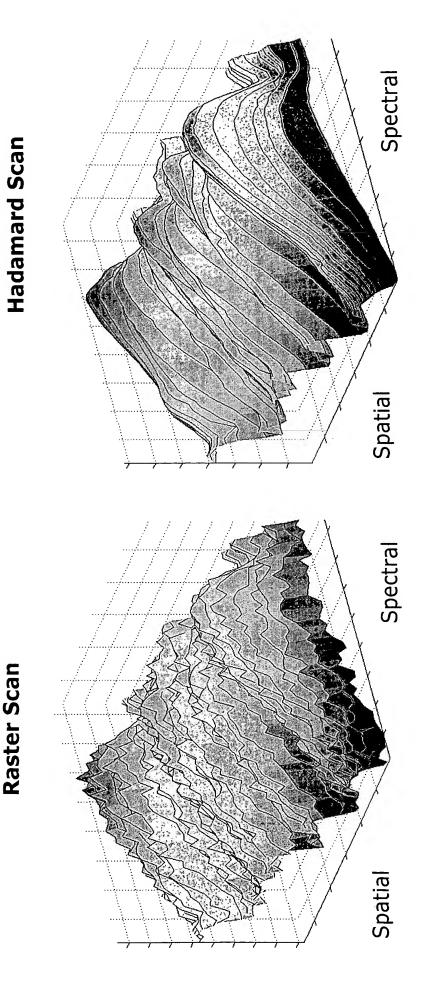


### Folding of Hadamard Encodement Matrix



# Single Detector Element NIR (1300nm-1750nm) Spectral Imagery

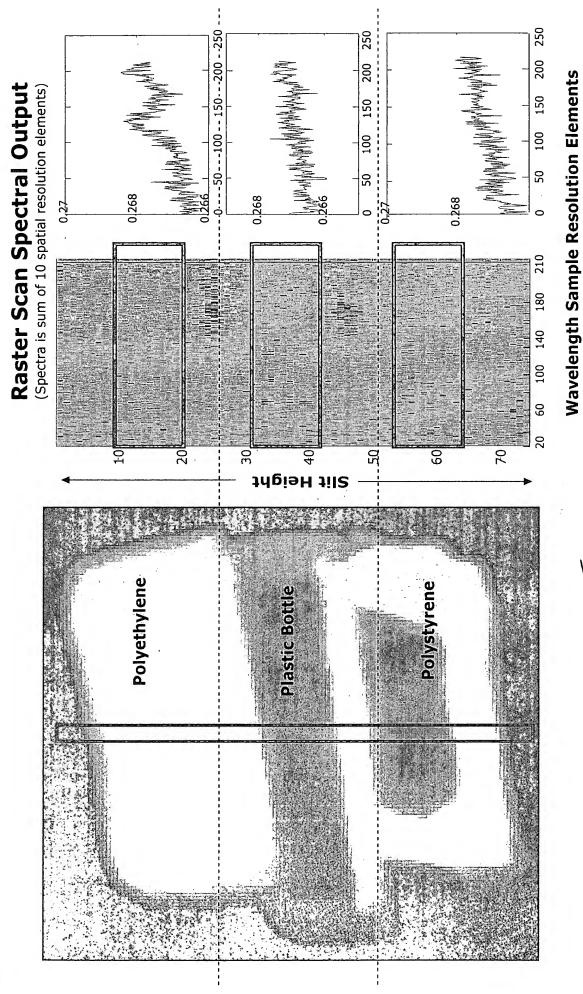
#### A DMD SLM is used to select the resolution elements that pass to the detector



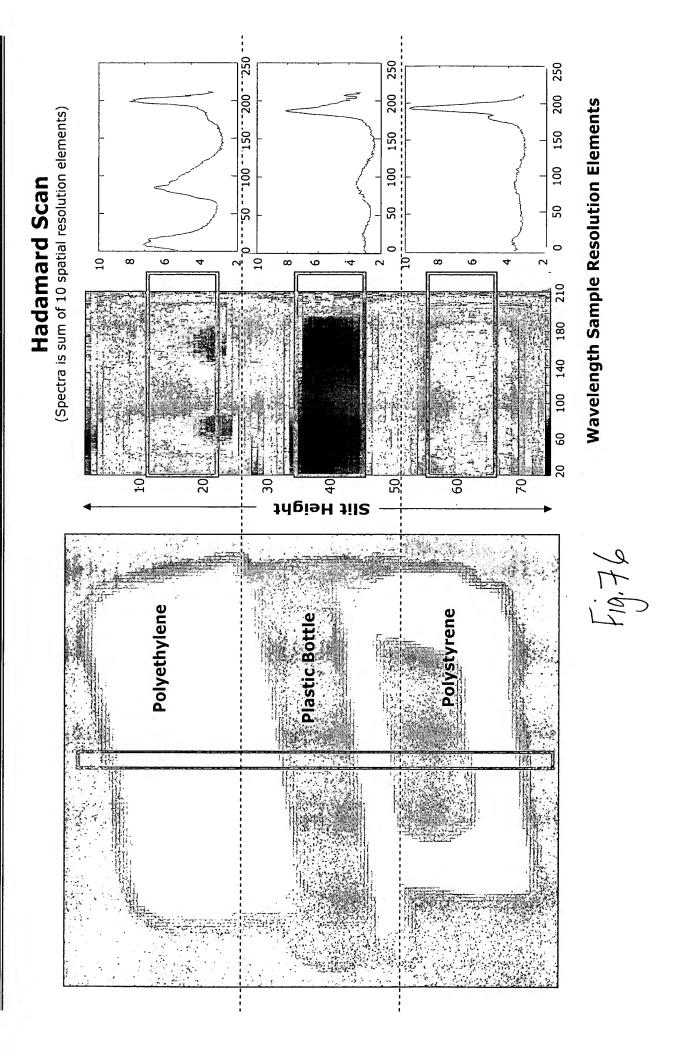
Modality of operation required no physical alteration

F19.74

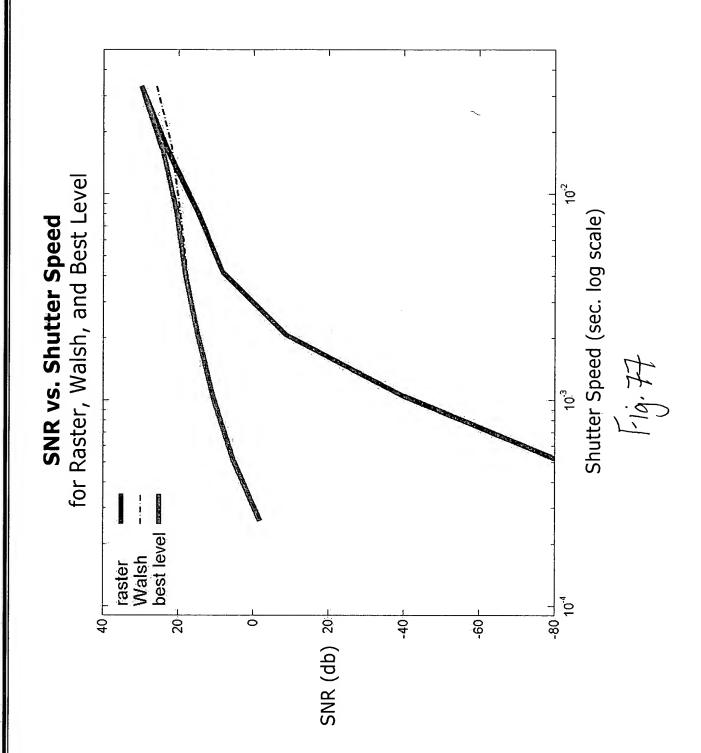
### Multiplexed Advantage: Raster Comparison



### Multiplexed Advantage: Higher SNR



#### **Optimizing SNR**

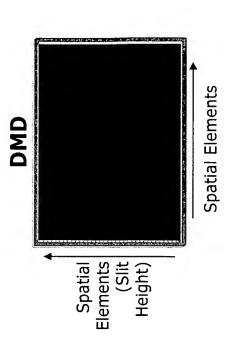


- Raster Scanning
- Multiplexed Scanning

Spectral Imaging

Creating Tunable Light Sources

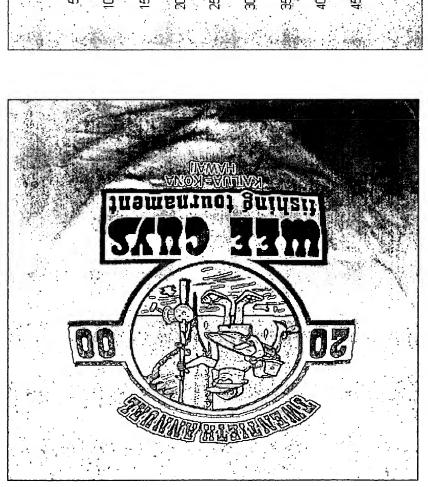
Optical Domain Processing

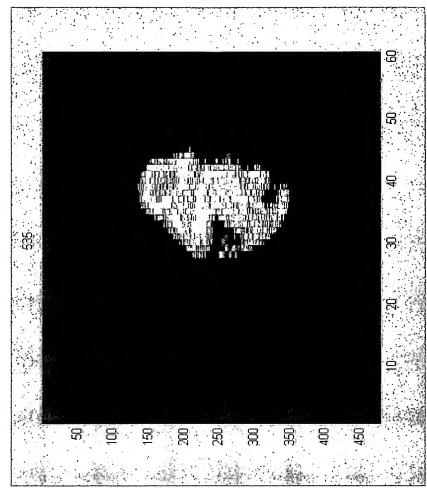


F19,78

### Staring-Passive VIS-NIR Spectral Imagery

## DMD selects what will pass into imaging spectrograph







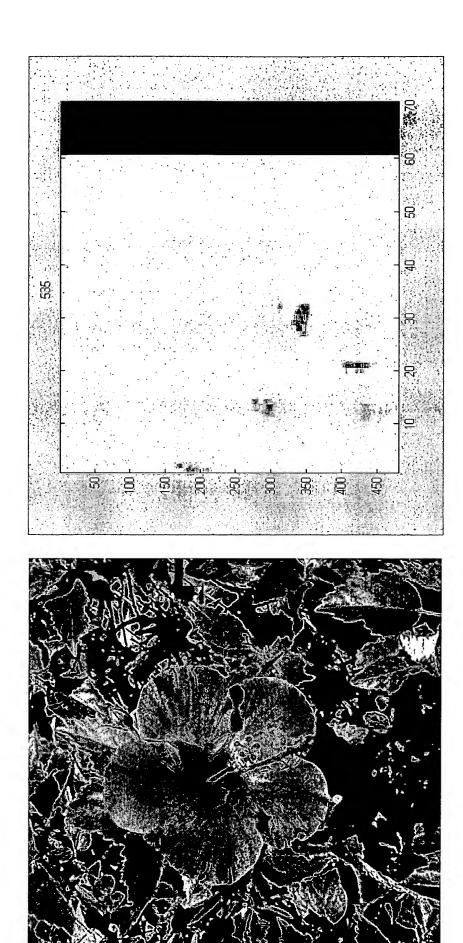
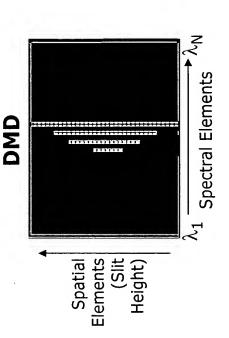
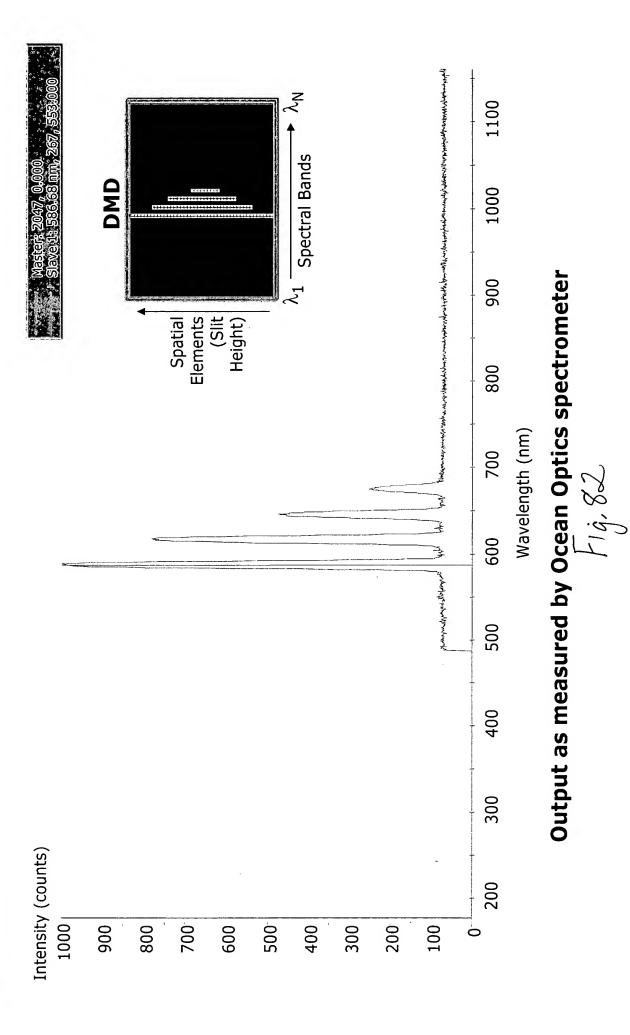


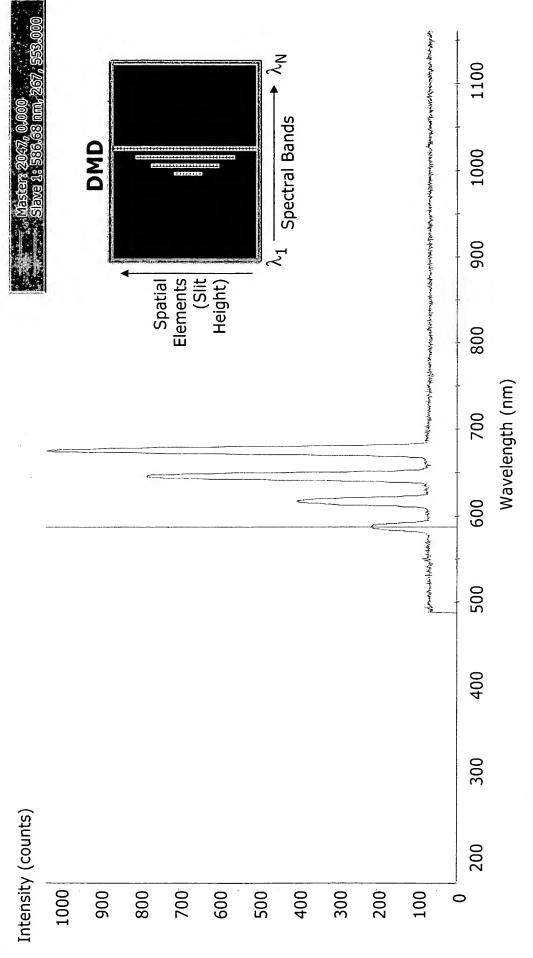
Fig.80

- Raster Scanning
- Multiplexed Scanning
- Spectral Imaging
- Creating Tunable Light Sources
- Optical Domain Processing

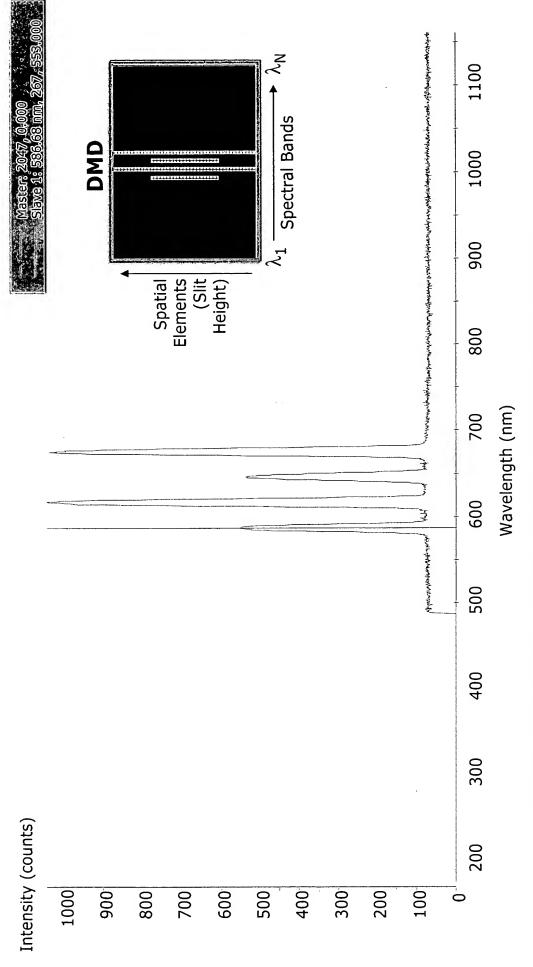






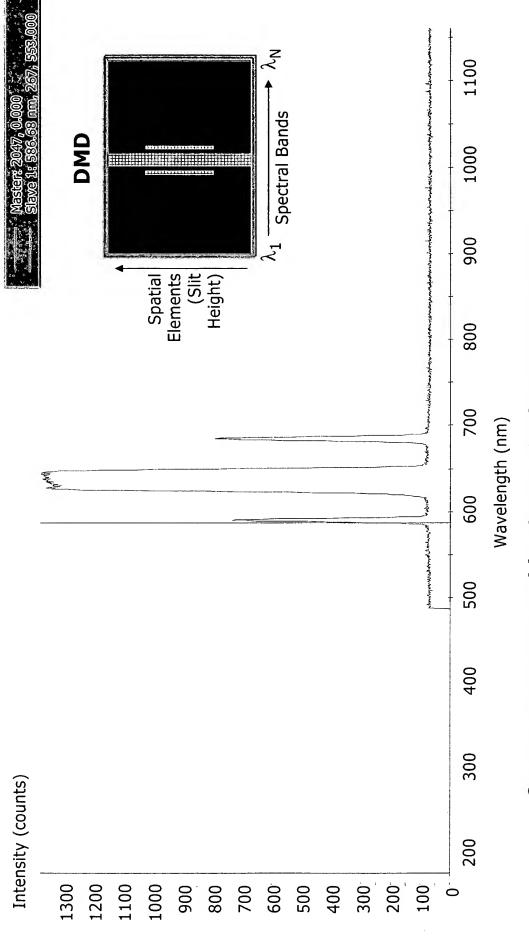


Output as measured by Ocean Optics spectrometer



Output as measured by Ocean Optics spectrometer

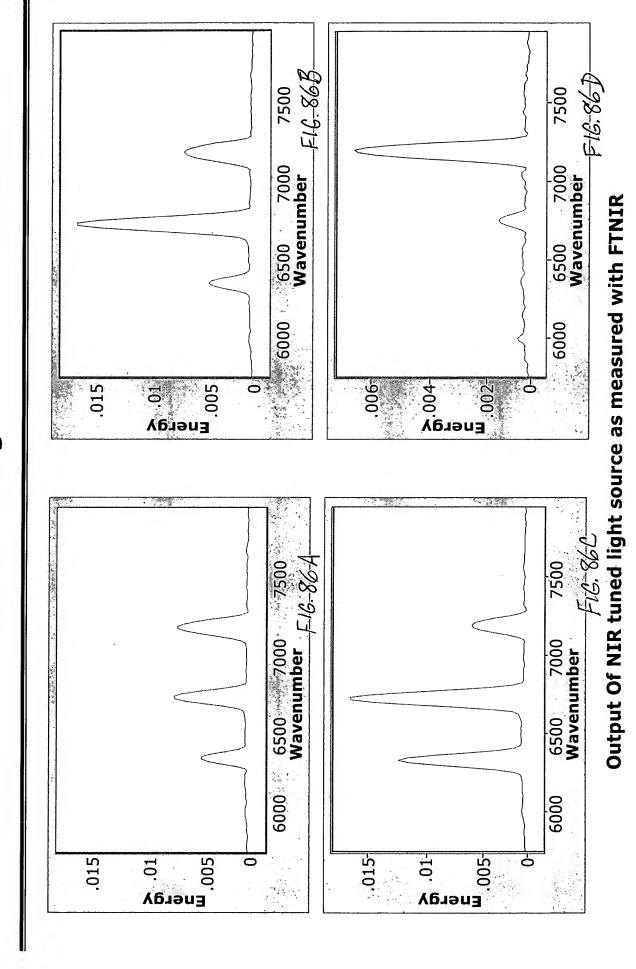
Fla, 84



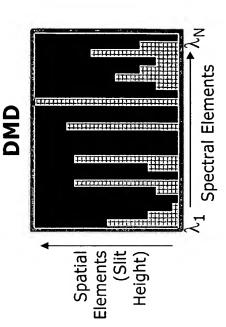
Output as measured by Ocean Optics spectrometer

F1g, 85

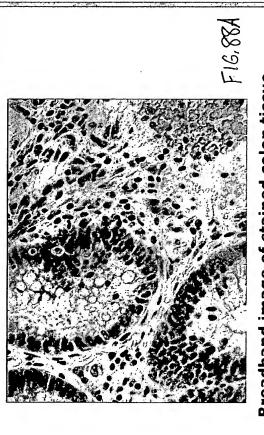
#### **NIR Tuned Light Source**



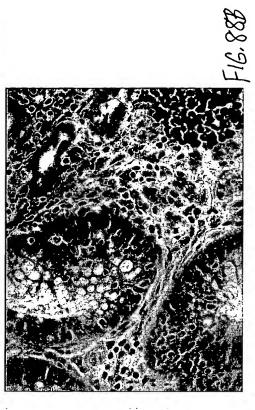
- Raster Scanning
- Multiplexed Scanning
- Spectral Imaging
- Creating Tunable Light Sources
- Optical Domain Processing



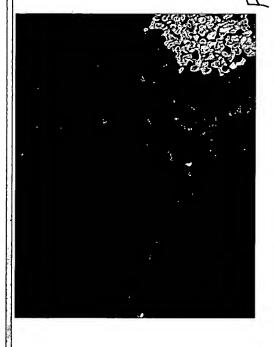
## Feature Extraction Using Tunable Light Source



Broadband image of stained colon tissue



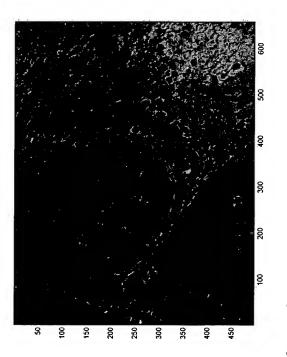
Tissue sample imaged at band #70



Extracted feature by post processing



## Feature Extraction Using Tunable Light Source



False color overlay to highlight cells to interest

FIG. 89A

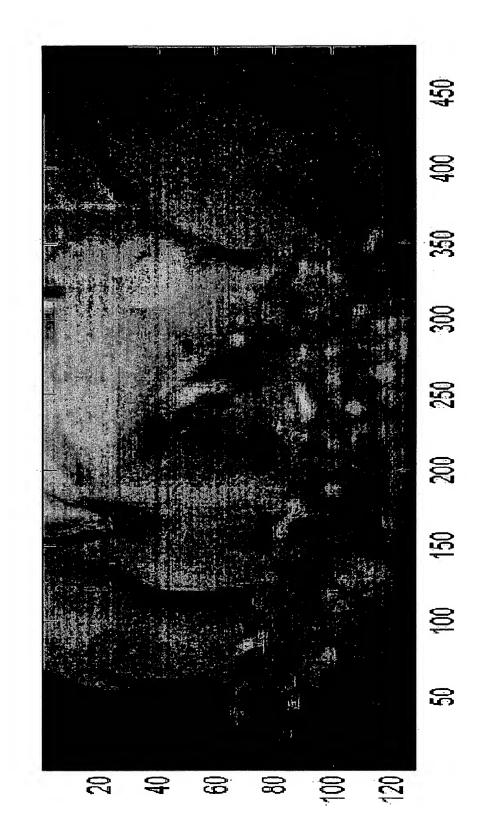


**Example of another psuedo-color representation** 

F16.89B



#### With On-Line Orthogonal Processing of Target vs. **Background**



SLM Enabled Passive-Staring Vis-NIR spectral imaging device F19.91

Raster Scanning

Multiplexed Scanning

Spectral Imaging

Creating Tunable Light Sources

Optical Domain Processing